SUPER RETIREMENT FUND ABN 40 328 908 469

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

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SUPER RETIREMENT FUND STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Assets			
Receivables			
Other receivables		1,241	1,665
Investments			
Investments held at fair value	4	2,648,272	2,686,721
Total assets	_	2,649,513	2,688,386
Liabilities			
Benefits payable		452	246
Accounts payable		2,107	868
Contributions tax payable		6,000	5,800
Total liabilities excluding member benefits		8,559	6,914
Net assets available for member benefits	_	2,640,954	2,681,472
Member benefits			
Defined contribution member liabilities	7(b)	2,640,954	2,681,472
Total member benefits		2,640,954	2,681,472
Total net assets	—	-	-
Equity		-	-
Total equity		-	-
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The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

SUPER RETIREMENT FUND INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Superannuation activities	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Revenue			
Net changes in fair value of investments		241,399	(87,641)
Other income		1	1
Total revenue		241,400	(87,640)
Expenses General administration and operating expenses Total expenses	5	(4,976) (4,976)	(7,979) (7,979)
Operating result before income tax expense		236,424	(95,619)
Income tax expense	9	-	-
Operating result after income tax expense		236,424	(95,619)
Net benefit allocated to defined contribution members		(236,424)	95,619
Operating result		-	

The above Income Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

SUPER RETIREMENT FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER BENEFITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Opening balance of Member Benefits as at 1 July		2,681,472	3,033,412
Contributions:			
- Member contributions		26,331	29,548
- Employer contributions		41,515	41,080
Transfers from other superannuation entities		5,008	22,485
Income tax on contributions		(7,361)	(7,051)
Net after tax contributions		65,493	86,062
Transfers to other superannuation entities		(177,814)	(201,170)
Benefits to members or beneficiaries		(141,860)	(121,333)
Transfer to ATO		(17,961)	(16,934)
Insurance premiums charged to members		(10,101)	(10,629)
Death and disability benefits credited to member accounts		5,301	7,683
Net (losses)/benefits allocated comprising:			
- Investment income/(Loss)		241,399	(87,641)
- Other income		1	1
- General administration and operating expenses		(4,976)	(7,979)
Closing balance of Member Benefits as at 30 June	7	2,640,954	2,681,472

The above Statement of Changes in Member Benefits should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

SUPER RETIREMENT FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Balance at 30 June 2021	Total equity \$'000 -
Operating result for the year after income tax	-
Balance at 30 June 2022	
Balance at 30 June 2022	-
Operating result for the year after income tax	-
Balance at 30 June 2023	

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

SUPER RETIREMENT FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			7 00 4
Death and disability benefits received		5,501	7,384
Other income received		(F_0C0)	(0, 202)
Administration expenses paid Insurance premiums paid		(5,060) (10,119)	(8,203) (10,663)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	10	(9,677)	(11,481)
		· · ·	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of investments		358,428	367,769
Purchases of investments		(78,580)	(101,801)
Net cash inflow from investing activities	—	279,848	265,968
Cash flows from financing activities			
Contributions received		67,803	71,191
Payment of member benefits		(159,615)	(138,691)
Transfers from other superannuation funds		5,275	23,225
Transfers to other superannuation funds		(176,473)	(203,261)
Contributions tax paid		(7,161)	(6,951)
Net cash outflow from financing activities	_	(270,171)	(254,487)
Net increase in cash held		-	-
Cash at the beginning of the financial year		-	-
Cash at the end of the financial year	14		

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Super Retirement Fund ("the Fund") was created by a Trust Deed dated 1 May 1993 (as amended on 13 December 2012). The purpose of the Fund is to provide retirement benefits to its members.

The Fund is a defined contribution fund that provides benefits to its members in accordance with the terms of the Trust Deed.

In accordance with amendments to the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act* 1993, the Fund is registered with the Australian Prudential Regulatory Authority ("APRA") as a registrable Superannuation Entity (RSE) (R1067361).

The Fund is managed by Equity Trustees Superannuation Limited ("the Trustee") (ABN 50 055 641 757 AFSL No. 229757 RSE L0001458). The Trustee is incorporated in Australia and its registered office is Level 1, 575 Bourke Street, Melbourne, Victoria 3000. Both the Trustee and the Fund are domiciled in Australia and registered with the APRA.

The Administrator of the Fund is AIA Australia Limited (ABN 79 004 837 861) ("AIAA").

In February 2022, AIAA announced the proposed sale of its Superannuation and Investments business in Australia to Resolution Life Australasia Limited ("Resolution Life"). On 1 July 2023, Resolution Life and AIAA completed the transfer of AIAA's Superannuation and Investments business to Resolution Life under Part 9 of the Life Insurance Act 1995 (Cth).

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements are a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Interpretations, the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* and provisions of the Trust Deed.

The Financial Statements were authorised and issued by the Board and the Directors of the Trustee on 28 September 2023. For the purposes of preparing the Financial Statements, the Fund is a for-profit entity.

(b) Use of Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

(c) New Standards and Interpretations adopted during the year

There are no new standards, interpretations or ammendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2022 that have material impact on the amount recognised in the prior year or will effect the current or future years.

(d) Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued, but not yet effective

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2023 and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

(d) Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued, but not yet effective (continued)

New or revised requirement	Title	Effective Date (annual periods beginning on or after)	30 June 2023 year end applicability
AASB 2020-1	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current	1 January 2023	Optional
AASB 2020-6	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification Liabilities as Current or Non-Current - Deferral of Effective Date	1 January 2023	Optional

Changes to financial reporting requirements

The Fund is a registrable superannuation entity that is subject to amendments made to the *Corporations Act 2001* by the *Treasury Laws Amendment (2002 Measures No.4) Act 2022*. These amendments are effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 July 2023 and bring registrable superannuation entities such as the Fund into the financial reporting provisions of the Corporations Act 2001.

Accordingly, for the Fund's income year ending 30 June 2024, the Fund will be required to prepare an annual report, consisting of a financial report (including financial statements, notes and a directors' declaration), a directors' report (including a remuneration report) and an attached auditor's report and auditor's independence declaration. There will be no impacts to the recognition and measurement requirements utilised in the preparation of the financial report of the Fund as a result of these changes.

These reports must also be lodged with ASIC, who now take on an increased regulatory oversight role following the introduction of these amendments.

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied in preparing the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2023 and the comparative information presented in these Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022.

(a) Financial Instruments

(i) Classification

The Fund invests in life investment and life insurance policies issued by AIA Australia Limited (ABN 79 004 837 861) ("the Administrator") in accordance with its governing rules and investment strategy.

The Fund's investments are classified as fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition.

(ii) Recognition/de-recognition

Financial instruments are recognised on the date the Fund becomes party to a contractual agreement ("trade date") and changes in fair value are recognised from this date. Instruments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the instruments have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Financial Instruments (continued)

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Fund measures investments at fair value. Transaction costs are captured in the wholesale prices.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investments are measured at fair value. Gains and losses are presented in the Income Statement in the year in which they arise as net changes in fair value of investments. Refer to Note 4 for further details on fair value.

(b) Receivables

Receivables are carried at nominal amounts which approximate fair value. Nominal amounts refer to the actual amounts reasonably expected to be received. Receivable amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables. Collectability of receivables is reviewed regularly. Debts which are known to be uncollectable are written off by reducing the carrying amount.

(c) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the year. These amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(d) Benefits Payable

Benefits payable reflects the amounts payable to members who are due a benefit but have not been paid at the reporting date. Benefits payable comprises pensions accrued and lump sum benefits of members who are due a benefit but have not been paid at the reporting date.

(e) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. Revenue is recognised to the extent in which it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the amount of revenue can be reliably measured.

The following recognition criteria relates to the different items of revenue the Fund receives:

(i) Movement in fair value of investments

Changes in the fair value of investments are recognised as income/(losses) and are determined as the difference between the fair value at year end or consideration received (if sold during the year) and the fair value as at the prior year end or cost (if the investment was acquired during the period).

(ii) Other income

Other income relates to restitution income and is recognised in the Income Statement on an accrual basis.

(f) Contributions and transfers from other funds

Contributions and transfers from other funds are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Member Benefits when the control of the contribution or transfer has transferred to the Fund. They are recognised gross of any taxes.

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Income Tax

Under the Income Tax Assessment Act, the Fund is a complying superannuation fund. Members are subject to contributions tax at a rate of 15% on concessional contributions with deductions allowable for insurance premiums paid on members' policies. Contributions tax is calculated and deducted by the Administrator, and is disclosed in the Statement of Changes in Member Benefits. As the components of the Income Statement are not subject to tax, there is no income tax expense/benefit disclosed in the Income Statement. The contributions tax payable in the Statement of Financial Position is an estimate of contributions tax still to be deducted from members for the current year.

(h) Rounding of Amounts

Amounts in the Financial Statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars unless indicated otherwise.

(i) Member Liabilities

Refer to note 7 Member Liabilities for the recognition and measurement of member liabilities.

(j) Comparative Amounts

Certain reclassifications may have been made to prior year's financial statements to enhance comparability with the currents period's financial statements.

4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements.

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1: Fair value is determined by reference to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities. These inputs are readily available.

Level 2: Fair value is estimated using inputs (other than quoted prices in an active market) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices).

Level 3: Fair value is estimated using one or more significant inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The Fund's investments are all classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy for both the current and prior financial year.

5 GENERAL ADMINISTRATION AND OPERATING EXPENSES

	2023	2022
	\$'000	\$'000
Administration fees	4,795	7,811
APRA levies	181	168
	4,976	7,979

6 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Financial Instruments Management

The investments of the Fund are managed on behalf of the Trustee by specialist fund managers in accordance with the investment strategy to achieve the Fund's investment objectives.

The Fund's investment strategy is to invest in a capital guaranteed life insurance policy and a unit linked life insurance policy. During the financial year, the Fund invested in a high proportion of growth assets.

The Fund's investment performance is reviewed on a quarterly basis by the Board Investment Committee of the Trustee.

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities adopted in the Statement of Financial Position are carried at their fair value.

(b) Significant Accounting Policies

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which revenues and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset and financial liability are disclosed in Note 3 to the Financial Statements.

(c) Capital Risk Management

The Trustee has established an Operational Risk Reserve ("ORR") to provide funding for incidents where material losses may arise from an operational risk event (as opposed to investment risk) relating to the Fund. The level of reserve is determined by the Trustee based on an assessment of the risks faced by the Fund. The Trustee has an operational risk financial requirement strategy to manage assets held in the ORR. According to *Superannuation Prudential Standard 114: Operational Risk Financial Requirement, (SPS 114)* which became effective 1 July 2013, the financial resources held to meet the ORR must be held either as;

- An operational risk reserve held within an RSE;
- Operational risk trustee capital held by the RSE licensee; or
- A combination of both an operational risk reserve held within an RSE and operational risk trustee capital held by the RSE Licensee.

As at 30 June 2023, the operational risk trustee capital held by the Trustee was 0.25% (2022: 0.29%) of the Fund's Net Assets, which was the Fund target amount.

(d) Financial Risk Management Objectives

The Fund is exposed to a variety of financial risks as a result of its activities. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Fund's risk management and investment policies, approved by the Trustee, seek to minimise the potential adverse effects of these risks on the Fund's financial performance. These policies may include the use of certain financial derivative instruments.

It is ultimately the responsibility of the Trustee to ensure that there is an effective risk management control framework in place. Consistent with regulatory requirements the Trustee has the function of overseeing the establishment and maintenance of risk-based systems and controls for the Fund. The Trustee has developed, implemented and maintains a Risk Management Framework ("RMF").

6 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(d) Financial Risk Management Objectives (continued)

The RMF identifies the Trustee's policies and procedures, processes and controls that comprise its risk management and control systems. These systems address all material risks, financial and non-financial, likely to be faced by the Fund. Annually, the Trustee is required to certify to APRA whether adequate strategies have been put in place to monitor those risks, that the Trustee has systems in place to ensure compliance with legislative and prudential requirements and that the Trustee has satisfied itself as to the compliance with the RMF.

(e) Investment Risk

The Fund's assets principally consist of investments in unit linked, traditional (participating and nonparticipating) and investment account policies. For unit linked products investment risk is borne entirely by the members of the Fund. The Trustee has determined that this type of investment is appropriate for the Fund and is in accordance with the Fund's investment strategy.

The Fund's investment activities expose it to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Market risk
- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market variables, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and other market variables, will affect the Fund's income or the carrying value of its financial instruments.

The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

Market risk is managed by ensuring that all investment activities are undertaken in accordance with established mandate limits and investment strategies.

The Fund is exposed to market risk through its investment in life investment and life insurance policies. The fair value of these policies is determined by the market value of the underlying assets backing them, which are exposed to fluctuations in variables such as interest rates, foreign bank account and equity prices.

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to a change in the market price of its investments. The reasonably possible movements in prices have been based on the Trustee's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of market volatility.

Actual movements in the price may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors. As a result, historic variations in market price should not be used to predict future variations.

		Price risk		
	Impact on operatin	g profit/ Net assets a	vailable for memb	er benefits
	-10%	+10%	-10%	+10%
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 30 June 2023	(266,750)	266,750		
As at 30 June 2022			(286,353)	286,353

6 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(e) Investment Risk (continued)

Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the Fund to incur a financial loss.

Credit risk primarily arises from the Fund's investment in life investment and life insurance policies issued by the Administrator, with the maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these assets.

The Administrator has a Standard & Poor's credit rating of A+ (2022: A+).

No assets are impaired or past due as at 30 June 2023 (2022: nil).

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations to members or counterparties in full as they fall due, or can only do so on terms that are disadvantageous. The Fund is exposed to daily withdrawals of benefits. The Fund's investments in life investment and life insurance policies are readily disposable.

The Fund's overall liquidity risks are monitored regularly and at least quarterly by the Trustee and in accordance with policies and procedures in place.

7 MEMBER LIABILITIES

(a) Recognition and Measurement of Member Liabilities

The entitlements of members to benefit payments are recognised as liabilities. They are measured at the amount of the accrued benefits as at the reporting date, being the benefits that the Fund is presently obliged to transfer to members or their beneficiaries in the future as a result of their membership up to the end of the reporting period.

Defined contribution member account balances are measured using unit prices determined by the Administrator.

(b) Defined Contribution Member Liabilities

The defined contribution members bear the investment risk relating to the underlying investment options. Unit prices used to measure defined contribution member benefits are updated each day for movements in investment values.

As at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022, the net assets attributable to defined contribution members have been fully allocated.

8 INSURANCE ARRANGEMENTS

The Fund provides death and disability benefits to its members. The Trustee has a group policy in place with the Administrator to insure these death and disability benefits.

The Administrator collects premiums directly from members. Insurance claim amounts are recognised when the Administrator has agreed to pay the claim. Therefore, insurance premiums are not revenues or expenses of the Fund and do not give rise to insurance contract liabilities or reinsurance assets. Insurance premiums charged and claims credited to members' accounts are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Member Benefits.

The Trustee has determined that the Fund is not exposed to material insurance risk because:

- members (or their beneficiaries) will only receive insurance benefits if the Administrator pays the claim,

- insurance premiums are only paid through the Fund for administrative reasons, and

- insurance premiums are effectively set directly by reference to premiums set by the Administrator.

9 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Recognised in the Income Statement:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Operating result before income tax expense	236,424	(95,619)
Tax at the Australian rate of 15% (2022: 15%)	35,464	(14,343)
Increase/(decrease) in income tax expense due to		
Non-deductible expenses	746	1,197
Non-assessable income	(36,210)	13,146
Income tax expense in Income Statement	-	-

10 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING RESULT TO NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Operating result	-	-
Adjustment for:		
Net changes in fair value of investments	(241,399)	87,641
Net benefits allocated to defined contribution members	236,424	(95,619)
Death and disability proceeds received from insurer	5,501	7,384
Insurance premiums paid	(10,101)	(10,629)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Decrease) in payables	(102)	(258)
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(9,677)	(11,481)

11 COMMITMENTS

There are no commitments as at 30 June 2023 (30 June 2022: nil).

12 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

There are no outstanding contingent assets or liabilities as at 30 June 2023 (30 June 2022: nil).

13 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Trustee

The Trustee of the Fund is Equity Trustees Superannuation Limited (ABN 50 055 641 757, RSE Licensee L0001458).

(b) Directors

Key management personnel include persons who were directors of Equity Trustee Superannuation Limited at any time during the reporting period or since the end of the reporting period, as follows:

Name	Title	Appointed/Resigned
Mr Michael O'Brien	Managing Director and Executive Director	
Ms Susan Granville Everingham	Non-Executive Director	
Mr Paul Douglas Rogan	Non-Executive Director	
Ms Catherine Anne Robson	Non-Executive Director	Appointed on 16/08/2022
	Interim Chair	Appointed on 01/09/2022
Mr Steven Thomas Carew	Non-Executive Director	Appointed on 01/03/2023
Mr David Nicholas Coogan	Non-Executive Director	Appointed on 15/06/2023
Mr Jezy (George) Zielinksi	Non-Executive Director	Resigned on 20/07/2022
Mr Anthony Jude Lally	Non-Executive Director and Chairman	Resigned on 31/08/2022
Mr Mark Blair	Executive Director	Resigned on 10/02/2023
Mr Ellis Varejes	Non-Executive Director	Resigned on 30/06/2023

None of the above directors of the Trustee are members of the Fund.

(c) Other key management personnel

Philip Gentry, Chief Financial Officer of Equity Trustees Limited and Andrew Godfrey, Executive General Manager of Equity Trustees Superannuation Limited are also key management personnel with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the reporting period.

(d) Remuneration of directors of the Trustee

The directors of the Trustee, and other key management personnel do not receive remuneration directly from the Fund.

13 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(e) Trustee fees

During the year, the Fund incurred no trustee fees (2022: nil).

The Administrator pays an aggregate fee to the Trustee with respect to a number of superannuation funds, including the Fund. There have been no transactions between the Trustee and the Fund.

14 ADMINISTRATION ARRANGEMENTS

The fair value of life investment and life insurance policies issued by the Administrator that were held by the Fund at 30 June 2023 was \$2,648,272,342 (2022: \$2,686,720,618).

During the year, the Fund incurred expenses for administrative services provided by the Administrator of \$4,795,183 (2022: \$7,810,503). As of 30 June 2023, there was administration expenses payable by the Fund to the Administrator of \$270,420 (2022: \$353,751).

The Administrator processes all cash flows on behalf of the Fund. The Fund does not have its own bank account.

The Administrator also collects contributions tax from members and settles tax liabilities on behalf of the Fund.

The Fund incurred life insurance premiums of \$10,101,260 (2022: \$10,629,580) during the year in relation to policies issued by the Administrator. As of 30 June 2023, there was life insurance premiums payable by the Fund to the Administrator of \$313,584 (2022: \$331,624). Claim proceeds received from the Administrator for the year were \$5,301,583 (2022: \$7,683,705).

The Statement of Cash Flows in the Financial Statements has been presented to illustrate the cash flows of the Fund's transactions through the life insurance policies held with the Administrator.

15 AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Amount received or due and receivable by	2023 \$	2022 \$
PricewaterhouseCoopers for: Audit of the financial statements and other assurance services of the Fund	<u>450,585</u> 450,585	<u>430,848</u> 430,848
-	2023 \$	2022 \$
Amount received or due and receivable by Deloitte for: Other assurance services (RMF)	17,594	17,693
	17,594	17,693

Auditor's remuneration paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers and Deloitte are paid outside the Fund. The auditor did not perform any non-audit services for the Fund in the current or prior year.

16 FUND'S RESPONSE TO MACRO-ECONOMIC EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements the Trustee considers the impact that macro-economic events can have on the Fund's performance. The Trustee's risk management framework is applied across the Fund's operations and the Trustee continues to monitor the impact of events on the Fund's risk profile.

17 EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING PERIOD

In February 2022, AIAA announced the proposed sale of its Superannuation and Investments business in Australia to Resolution Life. On 1 July 2023, Resolution Life and AIAA completed the transfer of AIAA's Superannuation and Investments business to Resolution Life under Part 9 of the Life Insurance Act 1995 (Cth). AIAA's rights and obligations as administrator of Super Retirement Fund is transferred to Resolution Life, effective 1 July 2023.

In Resolution Life's capacity as administrator from 1 July 2023, Resolution Life is responsible for the preparation and lodgement of several reports in respect of the period ended 30 June 2023.

SUPER RETIREMENT FUND TRUSTEE'S DECLARATION TO THE MEMBERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

In the opinion of the Directors of the Trustee of Super Retirement Fund ("the Fund"):

- 1. The accompanying Financial Statements and notes set out on pages 1 to 16 are in accordance with:
 - Australian Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements, and
 - present fairly the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date.
- 2. The Fund has been conducted in accordance with its constituent Trustee Deed and the requirements of the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* and its accompanying Regulations; the relevant requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001 and Regulations*; the requirements under section 13 of the *Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001*, during the year ended 30 June 2023.
- 3. There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors of Equity Trustees Superannuation Limited (ABN 50 055 641 757) as Trustee for the Super Retirement Fund.

Director

28 September 2023



Independent Auditor's report on financial statements

Independent Auditor's report approved form for an RSE that is a reporting entity

Report by the RSE Auditor to the trustee of the Super Retirement Fund (the RSE) (ABN: 40 328 908 469)

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of the Super Retirement Fund for the year ended 30 June 2023 comprising the Statement of Financial Position, Income Statement, Statement of Changes in Member Benefits, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements.

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the financial position of the Super Retirement Fund as at 30 June 2023 and the results of its operations, cash flows, changes in equity and changes in members' benefits for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Basis for opinion

I conducted the audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Australia. I have also fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of the trustee for the financial statements

The RSE's trustee is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the requirements of the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* (SIS Act) and the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Regulations 1994* (SIS Regulations). The trustee is also responsible for such internal control as the trustee determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustee is responsible for assessing the ability of the RSE to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustee either intends to liquidate the RSE or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

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Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an audit report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, I exercised professional judgment and maintained professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, designed and performed audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtained audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtained an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the RSE's internal control.
- Evaluated the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustee.
- Concluded on the appropriateness of the trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the RSE's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my audit opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the RSE to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluated the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicated with the trustee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identified during my audit.

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Paul Collins Partner

Sydney 28 September 2023